

MY HSK DICTIONARY

HSK LEVEL 1

#	WORD	PINYIN	DEFINITION	NOTES
1	爱	ài	to love / affection / to be fond of / to like	
2	八	bā	eight / 8	
3	爸爸	bàba	(informal) father	
4	杯子	bēizi	cup / glass	
5	北京	Běijīng	Beijing, capital of People's Republic of China / Peking / PRC government	
6	本	běn	roots or stems of plants / origin / source / this / the current / root / foundation / basis / classifier for books, periodicals, files etc / originally	
7	不客气	búkèqi	you're welcome / don't mention it / impolite / rude / blunt	
8	不	bù	not (negative prefix)/ no	
9	菜	cài	dish (type of food) / vegetable / cuisine	
10	茶	chá	tea / tea plant /	
11	吃	chī	to eat / to consume / to eat at (a cafeteria etc) / to eradicate / to destroy / to absorb / to suffer / to stammer	
12	出租车	chūzūchē	taxi	
13	打电话	dǎdiànhuà	to make a telephone call	
14	大	dà	big / huge / large / major / great / wide / deep / older (than) / oldest / eldest / greatly	
15	的	de	of / ~'s (possessive particle) / (used after an attribute) / (used to form a nominal expression) / (used at the end of a declarative sentence for emphasis)	
16	点	diǎn	point / dot / drop / speck / o'clock / point (in space or time) / to draw a dot / to check on a list / to choose / to order (food in a restaurant) / to touch briefly / to hint / to light / to ignite / to pour a liquid drop by drop / (old) one fifth of a two-hour watch	
17	电脑	diànnǎo	computer	
18	电视	diànshì	television/TV	

19	电影	diànyǐng	movie/ film	
20	东西	dōngxi	thing/ stuff/ person	
21	都	dōu	all / both / entirely / (used for emphasis) even / already / (not) at all	
22	读	dú	to read / to study / reading of word (i.e. pronunciation)	
23	对不起	duìbuqǐ	unworthy/to let down/I'm sorry/excuse me/pardon me/if you please/sorry? (please repeat)	
24	多	duō	many / much / often / a lot of / numerous / more / in excess / how (to what extent) / multi-	
25	多少	duōshǎo	how much / how many / which (number) / as much as	
26	儿子	érzi	son	
27	二	èr	two/ 2/ stupid (Beijing dialect)	
28	饭馆	fànguǎn	restaurant	
29	飞机	fēijī	airplane	
30	分钟	fēizhōng	minute	
31	高兴	gāoxìng	happy / glad / willing (to do sth) / in a cheerful mood	
32	个	gè	individual / this / that / size / classifier for people or objects in general	
33	工作	gōngzuò	to work / (of a machine) to operate / job / work / task	
34	狗	gǒu	dog	
35	汉语	hànyǔ	Chinese language	
36	好	hǎo	good / well / proper / good to / easy to / very / so / (suffix indicating completion or readiness) / (of an unmarried couple) to be close / to be keen on each other	
37	喝	hē	to drink / My goodness!	
38	和	hé	surname he / japanese (food, clothes etc) / and / together with / with / sum / union / peace / harmony /	
39	很	hěn	(adverb of degree) / quite / very / awfully	
40	后面	hòumiàn	rear / back / behind / later / afterwards	

41	回	huí	to circle / to go back / to turn around / to answer / to return / to revolve / Hui ethnic group (Chinese Muslims) / time / classifier for acts of a play / section or chapter (of a classic book)
42	会	huì	can / to be possible / to be able to / will / to be likely to / to be sure to / to assemble / to meet / to gather / to see / union / group / association
43	火车站	huǒchēzhàn	train station
44	几	jǐ	how much / how many / several / a few
45	家	jiā	surname jia / home / family / (polite) my (sister, uncle etc) / classifier for families or businesses / refers to the philosophical schools of pre-han china / noun suffix for a specialist in some activity, such as a musician or revolutionary, corresponding to english -ist, -er, -ary or -ian
46	叫	jiào	to shout / to call / to order / to ask / to be called / by (indicates agent in the passive mood)
47	今天	jīntiān	today / at the present / now
48	九	jiǔ	nine / 9
49	开	kāi	to open / to start / to turn on / to boil / to write out (a prescription, check, invoice etc) / to operate (vehicle)
50	看	kàn	to see / to look at / to read / to watch / to visit / to call on / to consider / to regard as / to look after / to treat (an illness) / to depend on / to feel (that) / (after verb) to give it a try / Watch out! (for a danger)
51	看见	kànjiàn	to see / to catch sight of
52	块	kuài	lump (of earth) / chunk / piece / classifier for pieces of cloth, cake, soap etc / (coll.) classifier for money and currency units
53	来	lái	to come / to arrive / to come round / ever since / next
54	老师	lǎoshī	teacher
55	了	le	(modal particle intensifying preceding clause) / (completed action marker)

56	冷	lěng	cold	
57	里	lǐ	lining / interior / inside / internal	
			zero / nought / zero sign / fractional / fragmentary / odd (of numbers) / (placed between two numbers to indicate a smaller quantity followed by a larger one) / fraction / (in mathematics) remainder (after division) / extra / to wither and fall / to wither	
58	零	líng		
59	六	liù	six/ 6	
60	吗	ma	(question particle for "yes-no" questions)	
61	妈妈	māma	mama/ mommy/ mother	
62	买	mǎi	to buy/ to purchase	
63	猫	māo	cat	
64	没	méi	(negative prefix for verbs) / have not / not	
65	没关系	méiguānxi	it doesn't matter	
66	米饭	mǐfàn	(cooked) rice	
67	明天	míngtiān	tomorrow	
68	名字	míngzì	name (of a person or thing)	
69	哪儿	nǎr	where?/ wherever/ anywhere	
70	那儿	nàr	there	
71	呢	ne	(question particle for subjects already mentioned)	
72	能	néng	surname neng / can / to be able to / might possibly / ability / (physics) energy	
73	你	nǐ	you (informal, as opposed to polite 您[nin2])	
74	年	nián	year	
75	女儿	nǚér	daughter	
76	朋友	péngyou	friend	
77	漂亮	piàoliang	pretty/ beautiful	
78	苹果	píngguǒ	apple	
79	七	qī	seven/ 7	
80	钱	qián	coin/ money	
81	前面	qiánmiàn	ahead / in front / preceding / above	
82	请	qǐng	to ask / to invite / please (do sth) / to treat (to a meal etc) / to request	

83	去	qù	to go / to go to (a place) / to cause to go or send (sb) / to remove / to get rid of / (when used either before or after a verb) to go in order to do sth / to be apart from in space or time	
84	热	rè	to warm up / to heat up / hot (of weather) / heat / fervent	
85	人	rén	man / person / people	
86	认识	rènshí	to know / to recognize / to be familiar with / to get acquainted with sb / knowledge / understanding / awareness / cognition	
87	日	rì	japan / sun / day / date, day of the month	
88	三	sān	three/ 3	
89	商店	shāngdiàn	store/ shop	
90	上	shàng	on	
91	上午	shàngwǔ	morning	
92	少	shǎo	few/ little/ lack	
93	谁	shéi	who / also pr. [shui2]	
94	什么	shénme	what?/ who?/ something/ anything	
95	十	shí	ten/ 10	
96	时候	shíhou	time / length of time / moment / period	
97	是	shì	to be/ yes	
98	书	shū	book / letter / document	
99	水	shuǐ	surname shui / water / river / liquid / beverage / additional charges or income / (of clothes) classifier for number of washes	
100	水果	shuǐguǒ	fruit	
101	睡觉	shuìjiào	to go to bed / to sleep	
102	说话	shuōhuà	to speak / to say / to talk / to gossip / to tell stories / talk / word	
103	四	sì	four/ 4	
104	岁	suì	classifier for years (of age) / year / year (of crop harvests)	
105	她	tā	she	
106	他	tā	he or him / (used for either sex when the sex is unknown or unimportant) / (used before sb's name for emphasis) / (used as a meaningless mock object) / other / another	

107	太	tài	highest / greatest / too (much) / very / extremely	
108	天气	tiānqì	weather	
109	听	tīng	to listen / to hear / to obey / a can (loanword from English "tin") / classifier for canned beverages	
110	同学	tóngxué	(fellow) classmate	
111	喂	wèi	hey / to feed (an animal, baby, invalid etc)	
112	我	wǒ	I/ me/ my	
113	我们	wǒmen	we / us / ourselves / our	
114	五	wǔ	five/ 5	
115	喜欢	xǐhuan	to like / to be fond of	
116	下	xià	down / downwards / below / lower / later / next (week etc) / second (of two parts) / to decline / to go down / to arrive at (a decision, conclusion etc) / measure word to show the frequency of an action	
117	下午	xiàwǔ	afternoon/ p.m.	
118	下雨	xiàyǔ	to rain / rainy	
119	先生	xiānsheng	teacher/ Mister (Mr.)/ husband	
120	现在	xiànzài	now / at present / at the moment / modern / current / nowadays	
121	想	xiǎng	to think / to believe / to suppose / to wish / to want / to miss (feel wistful about the absence of sb or sth)	
122	小	xiǎo	small / tiny / few / young	
123	小姐	xiǎojie	young lady / miss	
124	些	xiē	some / few / several / measure word indicating a small amount or small number (greater than 1)	
125	写	xiě	to write	
126	谢谢	xièxie	to thank/ thanks	
127	星期	xīngqī	week	
128	学生	xuésheng	student/ school child	
129	学习	xuéxí	to learn/ to study	
130	学校	xuéxiào	school	

131	—	yī	one / 1 / single / a (article) / as soon as / entire / whole / all / throughout / "one" radical in chinese characters (kangxi radical 1)	
132	衣服	yīfú	clothes	
133	医生	yīshēng	doctor	
134	医院	yīyuàn	hospital	
135	椅子	yǐzi	chair	
136	有	yǒu	to have / there is / there are / to exist / to be	
137	月	yuè	moon / month / monthly	
138	在	zài	(located) at / (to be) in / to exist / in the middle of doing sth / (indicating an action in progress)	
139	再见	zàijiàn	goodbye / see you again later	
140	怎么	zěnme	how?/ what?/ why?	
141	怎么样	zěnmeyàng	how?/how about?/how was it?/how are things?	
142	这儿	zhèr	here	
143	中国	Zhōngguó	China / Middle Kingdom	
144	中午	zhōngwǔ	noon/ midday	
145	住	zhù	to live / to dwell / to stay / to reside / to stop / (suffix indicating firmness, steadiness, or coming to a halt)	
146	桌子	zhuōzi	table/ desk	
147	字	zì	letter / symbol / character / word	
148	昨天	zuótiān	yesterday	
149	做	zuò	to do / to make / to produce / to write / to compose / to act as / to engage in / to hold (a party) / to be / to become / to function (in some capacity) / to serve as / to be used for / to form (a bond or relationship) / to pretend / to feign / to act a part / to put on appearance	
150	坐	zuò	to sit / to take a seat / to take (a bus, airplane etc) / to bear fruit	